



BEHAVIOUR GUIDANCE POLICY

The right for children and young people to receive positive guidance in a supportive and respectful environment is promoted within the *Education and Care Services National Regulations*. Children and young people learn to face a variety of challenges throughout their lives. Learning the difference between acceptable and unacceptable behaviour assists children and young people to regulate their own behaviours in different social and emotional environments as well as when interacting with peers and adults. The Service will liaise with local feeder primary schools to ensure consistency of behaviour guidance strategies such as Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) values.

NATIONAL QUALITY STANDARD (NQS)

QUALITY AREA 2: CHILDREN'S HEALTH AND SAFETY		
2.1.1	Wellbeing and comfort	Each child's wellbeing and comfort is provided for, including appropriate opportunities to meet each child's need for sleep, rest and relaxation.
2.2.1	Supervision	At all times, reasonable precautions and adequate supervision ensure children are protected from harm and hazard.
QUALITY AREA 5: RELATIONSHIPS WITH CHILDREN		
5.1	Relationships between educators and children	Respectful and equitable relationships are maintained with each child.
5.1.1	Positive educator to child interactions	Responsive and meaningful interactions build trusting relationships which engage and support each child to feel secure, confident and included.
5.1.2	Dignity and rights of the child	The dignity and rights of every child are maintained.
5.2	Relationships between children	Each child is supported to build and maintain sensitive and responsive relationships.
5.2.1	Collaborative learning	Children are supported to collaborate, learn from and help each other.
5.2.2	Self-Regulation	Each child is supported to regulate their own behaviour, respond appropriately to the behaviour of others and communicate effectively to resolve conflicts.
QUALITY AREA 6: PARTNERSHIPS WITH FAMILIES AND COMMUNITIES		
6.1	Supportive relationships with families	Respectful relationships with families are developed and maintained and families are supported in their parenting role.
QUALITY AREA 7: GOVERNANCE AND LEADERSHIP		



7.1	Governance	Governance supports the operation of a quality service
7.1.2	Management Systems	Systems are in place to manage risk and enable the effective management and operation of a quality service

EDUCATION AND CARE SERVICES NATIONAL LAW AND REGULATIONS	
S. 162A	Child protection training- each nominated supervisor and each person in day-to-day charge and each family day care co-ordinator to have completed the child protection training required or under law for this jurisdiction
S. 166	Offence to use inappropriate discipline
S. 167	Offence relating to protection of children from harm and hazards
S. 174	Offence to fail to notify certain information to Regulatory Authority
12	Meaning of serious incident
84	Awareness of child protection law
147	Staff members [records]
155	Interactions with children
156	Relationships in groups
168	Education and care service must have policies and procedures
175	Prescribed information to be notified to Regulatory Authority

RELATED POLICIES

Anti-Bias and Inclusion Policy	Medical Condition Policy
Educational Program Policy	Privacy and Confidentiality Policy
Family Communication Policy	Respect for Children Policy
Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Policy	Enrolment Policy
Interaction with Children, Family and Staff Policy	Supervision Policy

PURPOSE

Walkerville Primary School OSHC aims to create positive relationships with children and young people making them feel safe, secure, and supported within the Service. The Service will ensure children and young people are treated with respect, consistency, fairly and equitably as they are supported to develop the skills and knowledge required to behave in a socially and culturally acceptable manner.



Supporting children and young people to develop socially acceptable behaviour is a primary goal for educators and families. This is embedded in fundamental documents including the My Time Our Place, V2.0 (MTOP), Education and Care Services National Regulations, and the National Quality Standard (NQS).

SCOPE

This policy applies to children and young people, families, staff, educators, approved provider, nominated supervisor, management, students, volunteers and visitors of the OSHC Service.

DEFINITIONS

Behaviour guidance- this term is used to reflect current thinking about the most positive and effective ways to help children and young people gain understanding and learn skills that will help them to manage their own behaviour. Using appropriate behaviour guidance educators aim to support each child or young person regulate their own behaviour, respond appropriately to the behaviour of others and communicate effectively to resolve conflicts.

Cool down- this is an example of appropriate discipline or behaviour guidance. A cool down period is when a child or young person is having a difficult moment, they are encouraged to find a space, near an educator, to 'cool down' and regain self-control. This strategy can be used as an opportunity for educators to support children and young people to regulate their own behaviour. [ACECQA, 2020]

Restraint- in situations where a child or young person becomes a risk to themselves or others, they may need to be physically removed from the situation or physically restrained by an educator to prevent harm to themselves or others. For instance- attempting to scale a fence, running in front of a vehicle. ACECQA advises that children should only be restrained in emergency situations. (ACECQA, 2023, P.2)

Self-regulation- The ability to manage energy states, emotions, behaviour and attention: the ability to return to a balanced, calm and constant state of being. Self-regulation is a key factor for mental health, wellbeing and learning (KidsMatter, Early Childhood, 2014).

Inclusion- taking into account all children and young people's social, cultural and linguistic diversity (including learning styles, capabilities, disabilities, gender, family circumstance and geographic location) in program decision-making processes. (MTOP V2.0).

IMPLEMENTATION



The behaviour and guidance strategies used by staff and educators at the Service are designed to provide children and young people the opportunity to expand their experiences of life in a productive, safe environment that allows individuals the right to safety, tolerance, self-expression, cultural identity, dignity and the worth of the individual. Educators understand that as children and young people grow and development of self-regulation becomes an important aspect of social and emotional development as they begin to understand how their actions affect others.

The educators at the Service believe in providing clear, consistent guidelines for children and young people's behaviour as part of a caring and trusting relationship with children and young people and families to help them feel secure and self-confident. Children and young people benefit from knowing that their environment is stable and that a competent adult is taking care of them.

There are three key aspects to promoting positive behaviour:

1. Creating a quality learning environment that is positive and supportive and provides developmentally appropriate experiences and resources.
2. Implementing guidance strategies for building skills and strengthening positive behaviour based on age-appropriate behaviour expectations.
3. Employing strategies for guiding children and young people's behaviour resulting in decreasing undesired behaviours.

POSITIVE BEHAVIOUR GUIDANCE STRATEGIES

Guiding children and young people's behaviour is an important aspect of caring for and educating children and young people. Positive strategies need to be developed to assist children and young people to learn appropriate ways of behaving.

All educators and staff at the Service will role model appropriate behaviour and language, encouraging children and young people to socialise with each other, including children and young people of different cultural backgrounds as well as from different age groups and different genders.

Behaviour guidance strategies implemented within the Service are appropriate to the child or young person's age and developmental capacity. Children and young people are encouraged to make decisions for themselves and are provided with opportunities for independence and self-regulation. Children and young people are given the opportunity to make choices and experience the consequences of these choices when there is no risk of physical or emotional harm to the child, young person or anyone else. They are acknowledged when they make positive choices in managing their behaviour.



Strategies may include using visual cues, prompting, redirection, re-teaching strategies, developing logical consequences providing a 'cooling down' period and conferences with children and young people. In the instance of adverse behaviour being persistently observed, educators will evaluate their program, room set up, supervision etc. to identify triggers and sources of inappropriate or challenging behaviour. Physically restraining a child or young person will only be used in emergency situations if a child or young person is:

- In a clearly unsafe situation – e.g., attempting to scale a fence or run onto a road
- Physically threatening other children and young people or adults
- Behaving in ways that are destructive to themselves, other people or the environment. [ACECQA, 2020]

Regular routines and consistency in implementing behaviour guidance strategies are critical to support children and young people's wellbeing and promote children and young people's agency. All staff implement an active and positive approach to guiding children and young people's behaviour within our service.

INAPPROPRIATE DISCIPLINE

Any form of corporal punishment, or any discipline that is unreasonable or inappropriate is not permitted at any time when children and young people are being educated and cared for by an education and care service. Educators are made aware of punishment, or any discipline practices that are inappropriate towards children and young people through the Responding to Abuse and Neglect training and being provided this policy in their induction.

THE APPROVED PROVIDER/MANAGEMENT/NOMINATED SUPERVISOR WILL ENSURE:

- obligations under the *Education and Care Services National Law and National Regulations* are met
- educators, staff, students, visitors and volunteers have knowledge of and adhere to this policy and procedure
- all new employees, students and volunteers are provided with a copy of this policy as part of their induction process
- families are aware of this *Behaviour Guidance Policy*



- no child or young person being educated and cared for by the Service is subjected to any form of corporal punishment or any discipline that is unreasonable in the circumstances (Sec. 166 National Law)
- every reasonable precaution is taken to protect children and young people from harm and from any hazard likely to cause injury
- each nominated supervisor and person in day-to-day charge of the service has completed child protection training (Section 162A of the National Law)
- staff records include evidence of the approved training completed by staff and volunteers (Reg.147)
- connections are built between the Service and the School to support positive learning environments
- behaviour guidance does not involve making judgements about children and young people or their families
- information is gathered from families about their children and young people's social skills, relationship preferences, family and cultural values which will be recorded on their Fullybooked file at time of enrolment.
- Educators will use this information to engage children and young people in experiences that support children and young people to develop their social and decision-making skills
- positive and respectful relationships with children and young people are established and maintained
- children and young people are empowered to use language and other forms of non-hurtful communication to communicate their emotions
- positive, empathetic relationships are promoted between children and young people assisting them to develop respectful relationships
- the dignity and rights of each child and young person are maintained at all times
- positive and inclusive strategies are implemented to enable educators to encourage positive behaviour in children and young people in order to minimise adverse behaviour
- a partnership is developed with other professionals or support agencies that work with children and young people who have diagnosed behavioural or social difficulties to develop plans for the inclusion of these specific children and young people. This information will be kept confidential and in the individual child or young person's file.
- excessive or challenging behaviour is managed and communicated with families
- strategies are implemented to re-direct a child or young person who may be causing or about to cause harm to himself or herself, another child or young person, or adult. Incidents may include a child or young person who is kicking, spitting, biting, throwing furniture or toys, punching or hitting, or being disruptive. Redirection may also include an incident where a child or young person places



him/herself in a dangerous situation, for example, climbing a fence or hiding in a potentially dangerous position. Safety is a priority, and this may mean using physical re-direction in which an educator will actually remove the child or young person from the harmful situation if required. It may be necessary to remove other children and young people from the area while the child or young person calms down.

- families are notified and the incident/behaviour is addressed sensitively. In an instance where a child or children or young people's safety has been jeopardised, families are required to sign the *Incident Report at time of collection*.
- should the behaviour continue, the child or young person's behaviour is observed and carefully documented. Additional information is collated related to the context and behaviour guidance strategies implemented.
- a meeting with the child or young person's parents/carers and educator may be arranged to discuss any behaviours or concerns that have been observed. A *Behaviour Guidance Plan* may be developed in consultation with families and other health professionals as required
- *Behaviour Guidance Plans* are to be reviewed on a periodic basis reflecting changes that have been applied through the implementation of the plan in consultation with the child or young person's family
- the School is contacted to gain information about behaviour guidance strategies implemented within the school context to ensure consistency between environments
- families, the School and professional agencies are consulted to ensure that a consistent approach is used to support the child or young person with diagnosed behavioural or social difficulties
- application for additional support for educators to build their capacity and capabilities to include children and young people with additional needs will be made through the Inclusion Support Program.
- a Strategic Inclusion Plan (SIP) is developed and guided by local support agencies as required for individual groups of children and young people
- the SIP is reviewed on a periodic basis reflecting changes that have been applied through the implementation of the plan
- professional development is provided for educators to be informed, trained and supervised to implement the SIP created, ensuring that information is composed and recorded for reflection on its effectiveness for the individual child or young person



- notification is made to the regulatory authority within the legislated time frames of any circumstance that poses a risk to the health, safety and wellbeing of a child or young person or young person or children, or of any complaint alleging that a serious incident has occurred at the Service
- notification is made to the regulatory authority and to the children’s commissioner, child protection agencies or the police of any incident of inappropriate discipline.

EDUCATORS WILL:

- encourage and support each child or young person’s social and emotional development, striving to develop children or young people’s self-regulation and an understanding of the feelings of others
- actively work with younger children and young people to promote and role-model positive ways to interact with others
- teach behavioural expectations
- support appropriate behaviour- visual cues, prompting, positive verbal feedback and quality learning environments
- ensure children and young people are provided with positive guidance and encouragement toward acceptable behaviour
- promote children or young people’s initiative and agency
- actively work with all children and young people to support them in constructing and conveying ways of expressing needs, resolving conflict, and responding to the behaviour of others
- at all times provide positive role-modelling in their dealings with children and young people, other educators and families
- discuss guidelines, rules, limits, and what is fair with children and young people, and use their contributions in setting limits and guidelines
- talk calmly with children and young people about the consequence of their actions, and the reason for rules
- use corrective consequences- prompt, redirect, re-teach, provide choice, logical consequence, conference with child or young person or young person and educator
- guide children or young people’s behaviour, teaching them how to be considerate of others – to think about the effects of their actions on others. It is important that children and young people understand what acceptable and unacceptable behaviour is and how to manage their emotions.
- provide positive feedback and focus on children or young people’s strengths and achievements and build on their abilities



- take into consideration the child or young person’s past experiences as their behaviour could be a result of past trauma such as changes in routine, changes or losses within the family, placement in care, or more serious circumstances involving abuse, neglect, or family violence
- be responsive to these former experiences, designing and implementing behaviour plans with the individual child or young person that include strategies which will assist alternative and positive behaviour
- provide age appropriate, challenging, and interesting activities, experiences, and equipment for children and young people to use and become engaged with
- ensure there are sufficient materials and equipment for individual, small and large group activities
- set up the environment (indoor and outdoor) for children and young people to engage in activities and experiences in accordance with their abilities and interests
- adapt a positive approach, excluding cruel, harsh, humiliating or demeaning actions
- commit to professional development and keep up to date with industry information regarding behaviour guidance strategies
- support children and young people to explore different identities and points of view and to communicate effectively when resolving disagreements with others
- participate in planned and spontaneous conversations with children and young people about emotions, feelings and issues of inclusion and fairness, bias and prejudice, and the consequences of their actions, as well as the appropriate rules and the reasons for the rules
- provide children and young people with the language and vocabulary needed to express their emotions and feelings and verbalise their concerns
- encourage children and young people to listen to other people’s ideas, consider pro-social and altruistic behaviour and collaborate and negotiate in problem solving situations
- listen empathetically to children and young people when they communicate their emotions, provide encouragement as they reassure the child or young person it is normal to experience positive and negative emotions
- guide children and young people to remove themselves from situations where they are experiencing frustration, anger, or fear
- support children and young people to negotiate their rights and rights of others and mediate perceptively when children and young people experience difficulty in resolving dissimilarity
- learn about children or young people’s relationships with others and their relationship preferences they have and use this knowledge to encourage children and young people to manage their own behaviour and expand on their empathy skills



- use positive language, gestures, facial expressions, and tone of voice when redirecting or discussing children or young people's behaviour with them
- remain calm, respectful and tolerant as they encourage children and young people who are strongly expressing distress, frustration or anger
- guide children or young people's behaviour with a focus on preserving and promoting children or young people's self-esteem as they learn to self-regulate their behaviour
- implement 'time with' or 'cool down time' with an educator, which will be used when all other strategies (above) have been exhausted. 'Time with' or 'cool down time' allows educators to offer reassurance and support so the child or young person can settle and regain self-control, develop some self-calming behaviours and gain composure. Once calm, educators can assist the child or young person to identify what happened, reflect on their actions and consider how they may have done something differently. 'Time with' or 'cool down time' will always occur under the supervision of other educators
- contribute to and ensure Individual Support Plans are followed in consultation with the Services' SIP.

FAMILIES WILL:

- provide consent for the Service to consult with the School and other professional agencies to assist with implementing a Strategic Inclusion Plan (SIP)
- work collaboratively with educators and professional agencies when required in order to develop a broader understanding of the child or young person's developmental level and share any recent events which may be influencing the child or young person's behaviour
- consult with educators and provide consent when the Service is applying for Inclusion Support Funding
- work in partnership with educators and health professionals in the development of a behaviour guidance plan or Individual Support Plan to assist with the identification of challenging behaviour, the development of supportive strategies and the review of strategies implemented within a behaviour guidance plan where required
- create consistency in behaviour guidance strategies used at the Service and at home

CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT

The *Behaviour Guidance Policy* will be evaluated and reviewed on an annual basis in conjunction with children, families, educators and staff.



CHILDCARE CENTRE DESKTOP - RELATED RESOURCES

Behaviour Guidance Procedure	Behaviour Guidance Review Form
Behaviour Guidance Guide	Behaviour Guidance Plan A
Behaviour Guidance Incident Report	Behaviour Guidance Plan B

SOURCES

Australian Children’s Education & Care Quality Authority. (2014).

Australian Children’s Education & Care Quality Authority. (2023). *Guide to the National Quality Framework*.

Australian Children’s Education & Care Quality Authority. *Inappropriate discipline*. (2020).

www.acecqa.gov.au/sites/default/files/2020-06/inappropriate-discipline.pdf

Australian Government Department of Education. *My Time, Our Place- Framework for School Age Care in Australia.V2.0*

Australian Government Department of Education. Inclusion Support Program

<https://www.education.gov.au/child-care-package/inclusion-support-program>

Department of Education NSW Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) Early Childhood

<https://pbl.schools.nsw.gov.au/resources/early-childhood.html>

Communities and Justice. (2022). <https://www.facs.nsw.gov.au/families>

Early Childhood Australia’s Blog (2018). *What every child needs for learning self-regulation* Kids Matter Early Childhood.

Early Childhood Australia Code of Ethics. (2016).

Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010. (Amended 2023).

Education and Care Services National Regulations. (Amended 2023).

NAPCAN: www.napcan.org.au

Porter, L. (2016). *Young children’s behaviour: Guidance approaches for early childhood educators*. Australia: Allen & Unwin.

Victorian Government. *Strategies supporting children’s behaviour in early childhood services*.

Western Australian Education and Care Services National Regulations

REVIEW

POLICY REVIEWED BY	Xin Wang & Sheridan Fiegert	Deputy Director & Director	18/3/2025
POLICY REVIEWED	MAY 2024	NEXT REVIEW DATE	MARCH 2026
VERSION NUMBER	V9.05.24		
MODIFICATIONS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> annual policy maintenance additional section added ‘inappropriate discipline’ sources checked for currency and repaired as required 		

POLICY REVIEWED	PREVIOUS MODIFICATIONS	NEXT REVIEW DATE
MAY 2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • annual policy maintenance • additional regulations added • restraint information added • hyperlinks checked and repaired as required • link to Western Australian Education and Care Services National Regulations added in 'Sources' • additional section added for Continuous Improvement • additional section added for Related Resources 	MARCH 2026
MAY 2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • policy maintenance - no major changes to policy • minor formatting edits within text • hyperlinks checked and repaired as required 	MAY 2023
MAY 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • additional links to the National Quality Standard • additions to policy related to behaviour guidance plans • removal of '<i>children will</i>' section- policy is written to guide adults- so not appropriate to be included in policy • sources checked for currency 	MAY 2022
MAY 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • realignment of content within the policy • deleted content that was repeated in different sections or moved into a different section • changed order of some points • additional definitions added • rewording of some points • notification to regulatory authority added • additional information added for clarity • further sources included • sources updated and checked for currency 	MAY 2021
MAY 2019	<p>My Time Our Place: Framework for School Age Care in Australia info added. Additional information added to points. Rearranged the order of points for better flow Sources checked for currency: Deleted if irrelevant or no longer available. Sources/references corrected, updated, and alphabetised. Information added to sources.</p>	MAY 2020



MAY 2018	Modifications made, taking out 'behaviour management' references and plans and adjusted to Strategic Inclusion Plans	MAY 2019
DECEMBER 2017	Updated the references to comply with the revised National Quality Standard	MAY 2018